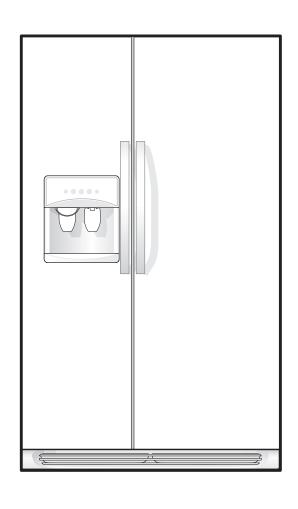
CROSLEY

Use & Care Manual

Side by Side

Refrigerator



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WELCOME & CONGRATULATIONS

Congratulations on your purchase of a new refrigerator! We here at Crosley Corporation are very proud of our product and we are completely committed to providing you with the best service possible. Your satisfaction is our #1 priority.

Please read this Use & Care Manual very carefully. It contains valuable information on how to properly maintain your new refrigerator.

We know you'll enjoy your new refrigerator and Thank You for choosing our product. We hope you consider us for future purchases.

PLEASE READ AND SAVE THESE **INSTRUCTIONS**

This Use & Care Manual provides specific operating instructions for your model. Use your refrigerator only as instructed in this manual. These instructions are not meant to cover every possible condition and situation that may occur. Common sense and caution must be practiced when installing, operating and maintaining any appliance.

Please record your model and serial numbers below for future reference. This information is found on the serial plate located inside the refrigerator compartment.



NOTE

Use only soap and water to clean serial plate.

Model Number:	
Serial Number:	
Purchase Date:	

PLEASE COMPLETE AND MAIL IN THE PRODUCT **REGISTRATION CARD INCLUDED WITH YOUR** REFRIGERATOR.

FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION CONTACT:

336-761-1212

Crosley Corporation 111 Cloverleaf Dr. Suite 200 Winston-Salem, NC 27103 www.crosley.com

Please attach sales receipt here for future reference.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Do not attempt to install or operate your unit until you have read the safety precautions in this manual. Safety items throughout this manual are labeled with a Danger, Warning, or Caution based on the risk type.

DEFINITIONS

This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.



DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.



IMPORTANT

Indicates installation, operation, or maintenance information which is important but not hazard-related.

A

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

A.

WARNING

Please Read All Instructions Before Using This Refrigerator.

FOR YOUR SAFETY

- Do not store or use gasoline, or other flammable liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance. Read product labels for warnings regarding flammability and other hazards.
- Do not operate the refrigerator in the presence of explosive fumes.
- Avoid contact with any moving parts of automatic ice maker.
- Remove all staples from the carton. Staples can cause severe cuts, and also destroy finishes if they come in contact with other appliances or furniture.

CHILD SAFETY

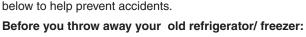
Destroy or recycle the carton, plastic bags, and any exterior wrapping material immediately after the refrigerator is unpacked. Children should **NEVER** use these items to play. Cartons covered with rugs, bedspreads, plastic sheets or stretch wrap may become airtight chambers, and can quickly cause suffocation.

PROPER DISPOSAL OF YOUR REFRIGERATOR OR FREEZER

Risk of child entrapment

Remove doors.

Child entrapment and suffocation are not problems of the past. Junked or abandoned refrigerators or freezers are still dangerous – even if they will sit for "just a few days." If you are getting rid of your old refrigerator or freezer, please follow the instructions below to help prevent accidents.



- Leave shelves in place so children may not easily climb
- Have refrigerant removed by a qualified service technician.



WARNING

These Guidelines Must Be Followed To Ensure That Safety Mechanisms In This Refrigerator Will Operate Properly.

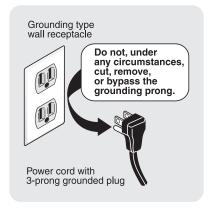
ELECTRICAL INFORMATION

- The refrigerator must be plugged into its own dedicated 115 Volt, 60 Hz., 15 Amp, AC only electrical outlet. The power cord of the appliance is equipped with a three-prong grounding plug for your protection against electrical shock hazards. It must be plugged directly into a properly grounded three prong receptacle. The receptacle must be installed in accordance with local codes and ordinances. Consult a qualified electrician. Avoid connecting refrigerator to a Ground Fault Interruptor (GFI) circuit. Do not use an extension cord or adapter plug.
- If the power cord is damaged, it should be replaced by an authorized service technician to prevent any risk.
- Never unplug the refrigerator by pulling on the power cord. Always grip the plug firmly, and pull straight out from the receptacle to prevent damaging the power cord.
- Unplug the refrigerator before cleaning and before replacing a light bulb to avoid electrical shock.
- Performance may be affected if the voltage varies by 10% or more. Operating the refrigerator with insufficient power can damage the compressor. Such damage is not covered under your warranty.
- Do not plug the unit into an electrical outlet controlled by a wall switch or pull cord to prevent the refrigerator from being turned off accidentally.

\rightarrow

IMPORTANT

Pressing and holding the **On/Off** button for 3 seconds, located on the left side of the temperature control panel (Electronic controls), or turning the Freezer and Fresh Food controls to "0" (Mechanical controls) will disable your refrigerator's cooling system, but does not disconnect the power to the light bulb and other electrical components. To turn off power to your refrigerator you must unplug the power cord from the electrical outlet.



0 1

INSTALLATION

This Use & Care Manual provides general operating instructions for your model. Use the refrigerator only as instructed in this Use & Care Manual. Before starting the refrigerator, follow these important first steps.

LOCATION

- Choose a place that is near a grounded electrical outlet.
 Do Not use an extension cord or an adapter plug.
- If possible, place the refrigerator out of direct sunlight and away from the range, dishwasher or other heat sources.
- The refrigerator must be installed on a floor that is level and strong enough to support a fully loaded refrigerator.
- Consider water supply availability for models equipped with an automatic ice maker.



CAUTION

Do Not install the refrigerator where the temperature will drop below 55°F (13°C) or rise above 110°F (43°C). The compressor will not be able to maintain proper temperatures inside the refrigerator.

Do Not block the toe grille on the lower front of your refrigerator. Sufficient air circulation is essential for the proper operation of your refrigerator.

INSTALLATION

Installation Clearances

 Allow the following clearances for ease of installation, proper air circulation, and plumbing and electrical connections:

Sides & Top	.3	/8"	
Back	1	"	



NOTE

If your refrigerator is placed with the door hinge side against a wall, you may have to allow additional space so the door can be opened wider.

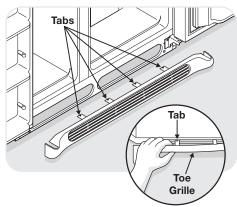
DOOR OPENING

Your refrigerator should be positioned to allow easy access to a counter when removing food. For best use of drawers and freezer baskets, the refrigerator should be in a position where both the refrigerator and freezer doors can be fully opened.

TOE GRILLE INSTALLATION/REMOVAL

To Install Toe Grille:

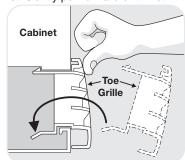
- 1 Open freezer and fresh food compartment doors.
- 2 Line up toe grille at base of refrigerator, making sure the four bottom tabs are resting through holes at base of cabinet
- 3 Starting from left side of toe grille, press in on first top tab using your thumb and push toe grille forward until it snaps in place. Continue this process until all tabs are snapped in place and toe grille is secured to refrigerator.



To Remove Toe Grille:

- 1 Open freezer and fresh food compartment doors.
- 2 Working from left side of toe grille, slip your fingers between top of toe grille and cabinet. Gently pull forward until first

set of tabs are free. Slide your hand down past the free tabs and pull forward again until the second set of tabs are free. Continue this process until all tabs are free and the toe grille can be removed. (See graphic at top of page in right column.)



LEVELING



NOTE

The refrigerator doors are designed to shut by themselves within a 20 degree opening.

Your refrigerator should be positioned to allow easy access to a counter or table when removing food. For best use of drawers and freezer baskets, the refrigerator should be in a position where both the refrigerator and freezer doors can be fully opened.

GUIDELINES FOR FINAL POSITIONING OF YOUR REFRIGERATOR:

- All four corners of the cabinet must rest firmly on the floor.
- The cabinet should be level at the front and rear.
- The sides should tilt ¼ inch (6 mm) from front to back (to ensure that doors close and seal properly).
- Doors should align with each other and be level.

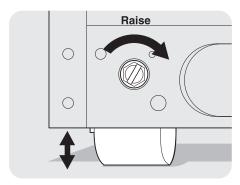
ALL OF THESE CONDITIONS CAN BE MET BY RAISING OR LOWERING THE ADJUSTABLE FRONT ROLLERS.



INSTALLATION

To level the cabinet using the front rollers:

- 1 Open both doors and remove the toe grille (see "Toe Grille Installation and Removal" in the "Installation" section).
- 2 Close the doors and use a flat-blade screwdriver or ³/₈ inch socket wrench to raise or lower the front rollers.
- 3 Ensure both doors are bind-free with their seals touching the cabinet on all four sides.



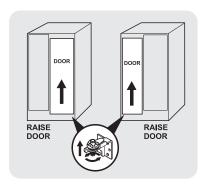
To level the doors using the adjustable lower hinge:



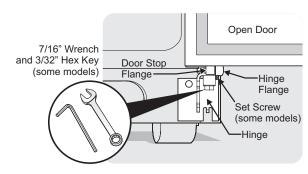
NOTE

Some models will not have a set screw. For those models follow steps 2 through 4.

- Before leveling either door, remove set screw that locks door height into position. (The door cannot be adjusted without set screw removed).
- 2 If the refrigerator door is lower than the freezer door, raise the refrigerator door by turning the adjustment screw clockwise using a ⁷/₁₆ inch wrench. (See illustration.)



- 3 If the freezer door is lower than the refrigerator door, raise the freezer door by turning the adjustment screw clockwise using a ⁷/₁₆ inch wrench. (See illustration.)
- 4 After leveling, verify door stop contacts lower hinge and top of door does not contact upper hinge through full movement of door (from fully closed to fully open).
- 5 Reinstall set screw, locking the door height.



6 Replace the toe grille by fitting it into place (see "Toe Grille Installation and Removal" in the "Installation" section).

0 1

CONNECTING HOUSEHOLD WATER SUPPLY TO REFRIGERATOR



WARNING

To avoid electric shock, which can cause death or severe personal injury, disconnect the refrigerator from electrical power before connecting a water supply line to the refrigerator.



CAUTION

To Avoid Property Damage:

- Copper or stainless steel braided tubing is recommended for the water supply line. Water supply tubing made of ¼" plastic is not recommended to be used. Plastic tubing greatly increases the potential for water leaks, and the manufacturer will not be responsible for any damage if plastic tubing is used for supply line.
- DO NOT install water supply tubing in areas where temperatures fall below freezing.
- Chemicals from a malfunctioning softener can damage the ice maker. If the ice maker is connected to soft water, ensure that the softener is maintained and working properly.



IMPORTANT

Ensure that your water supply line connections comply with all local plumbing codes.

Before Installing The Water Supply Line, You Will Need:

- Basic Tools: adjustable wrench, flat-blade screwdriver, and Phillips™ screwdriver.
- Access to a household cold water line with water pressure between 30 and 100 psi.
- A water supply line made of ¼ inch (6.4 mm) OD, copper or stainless steel tubing. To determine the length of tubing needed, measure the distance from the ice maker inlet valve at the back of the refrigerator to your cold water pipe. Then add approximately 7 feet (2.1 meters), so the refrigerator can be moved out for cleaning (as shown).
- A shutoff valve to connect the water supply line to your household water system. DO NOT use a self-piercing type shutoff valve.
- A compression nut and ferrule (sleeve) for connecting a copper water supply line to the ice maker inlet valve.



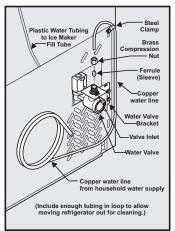
NOTE

Check with your local building authority for recommendations on water lines and associated materials prior to installing your new refrigerator. Depending on your local/state building codes, Electrolux recommends for homes with existing valves its Smart Choice water line kit 5305513409 (with a 6 ft. stainless steel water line) and for homes without an existing valve, Electrolux recommends its Smart Choice water line kit 5304410264 (with a 20 ft. copper water line with self-tapping saddle valve). Please refer to www.CROSLEY.com/store for more information.

To Connect Water Supply Line To Ice Maker Inlet Valve

- 1 Disconnect refrigerator from electric power source.
- 2 Place end of water supply line into sink or bucket. Turn ON water supply and flush supply line until water is clear. Turn OFF water supply at shutoff valve.
- 3 Remove plastic cap from water valve inlet and discard cap.
- 4 If you use copper tubing Slide brass compression nut, then ferrule (sleeve) onto water supply line. Push water supply line into water valve inlet as far as it will go (¼ inch/6.4 mm). Slide ferrule (sleeve) into valve inlet and finger tighten compression nut onto valve. Tighten another half turn with a wrench; DO NOT over tighten. See Figure 1.

 If you use stainless steel tubing The nut and ferrule are already assembled on the tubing. Slide compression nut onto valve inlet and finger tighten compression nut onto valve. Tighten another half turn with a wrench; DO NOT over tighten. See Figure 2.
- 5 With steel clamp and screw, secure water supply line (copper tubing only) to rear panel of refrigerator as shown.
- 6 Coil excess water supply line (copper tubing only) about 2½ turns behind refrigerator as shown and arrange coils so they do not vibrate or wear against any other surface.
- 7 Turn ON water supply at shutoff valve and tighten any connections that leak.
- **8** Reconnect refrigerator to electrical power source.
- 9 To turn ice maker on, lower wire signal arm (side mounted) or set the ice maker's ON/OFF power switch to the "I" position (rear mounted).



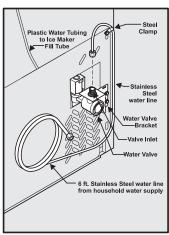


Figure 1

Figure 2

IMPORTANT

After connecting the water supply, refer to "How to Prime the Water Supply System" for important information about priming an empty water supply system.

Your refrigerator's water supply system includes several tubing lines, a water filter, a water valve, and a water tank. To ensure that your water dispenser works properly, this system must be completely filled with water when your refrigerator is first connected to the household water supply line.



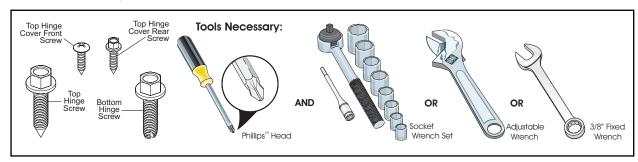
DOOR REMOVAL INSTRUCTIONS

Getting through narrow spaces

If your refrigerator will not fit through an entrance area, you can reduce its size by removing the doors. Check first by measuring the entrance.

REQUIRED TOOLS

You will need the following tools:



TO PREPARE FOR REMOVING THE DOORS:

- 1 Make sure the electrical power cord is unplugged from the wall outlet.
- 2 Open both doors and remove the toe grille (as explained in the Installation Instructions that came with your appliance).
- 3 Remove any food from the door shelves.
- 4 Close the doors.

TO REMOVE THE REFRIGERATOR TOP HINGE COVER:

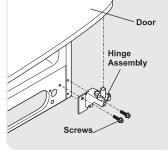
- 1 Remove the three screws from each cover over the top door hinges.
- 2 Lift hinge cover straight up and off.

TO REMOVE THE REFRIGERATOR DOOR:

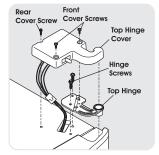
- 1 Trace lightly around the door's top hinge with a pencil. This makes reinstallation easier.
- 2 Remove the two screws from the top hinge. Lift the door off of the bottom hinge and set it aside.

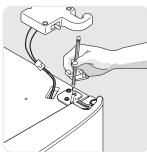


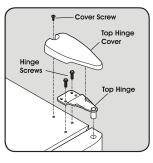




Non-Adjusting Hinge (some models)







CAUTION

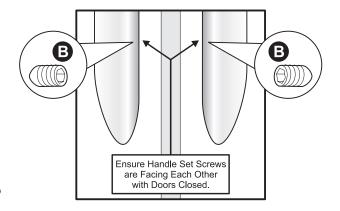
Be sure doors are set aside in a secure position where they cannot fall and cause personal injury.

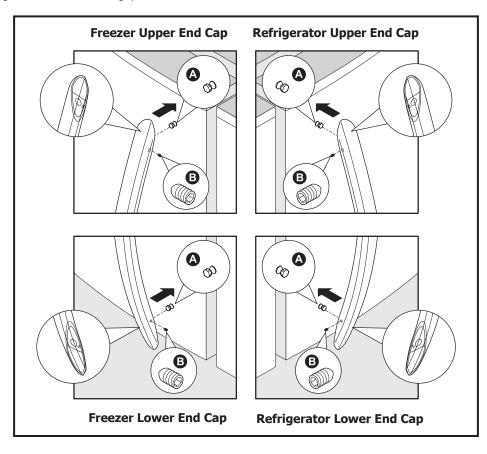


DOOR HANDLE MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

Door Handle Mounting Instructions

- Remove handles from cartoning and any other protective packaging.
- Position freezer handle end caps over upper and lower preinstalled shoulder bolts (A) that are fastened into door, ensuring the holes for the set screws are facing towards the refrigerator door.
- 3. While holding handle firmly against door, fasten upper and lower allen set screws (B) with supplied allen wrench.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 to install refrigerator handle. Ensure the holes for the set screws are facing towards the freezer door.
- NOTE: All set screws should be tightened and subflush (allen set screw should be seated just below the surface of the end cap) of handle end cap. The end caps should be drawn tight to freezer and refrigerator doors with no gaps.







ELECTRONIC TEMPERATURE CONTROLS

ALLOWING COOLING TIME BEFORE USE

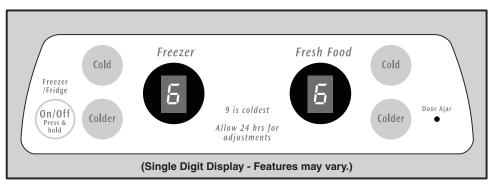
To ensure safe food storage, allow your refrigerator to operate with the doors closed for at least 8 to 12 hours before placing food inside. During this cooling period, you do not need to adjust the controls, which are preset at the factory.

SETTING COOLING TEMPERATURES

Your refrigerator comes with a state-of-the-art electronic digital control system. The system's control panel is located at the top of the fresh food compartment.

The two digital displays on the left half of the control panel indicate the current settings or temperatures of your freezer and fresh food compartments. The models with a 2-digit temperature display are for reference only, and do not display the current accurate compartment temperature. Should you desire to see what the current accurate temperature is, place a separate thermometer inside the freezer or fresh food compartment in the desired location.

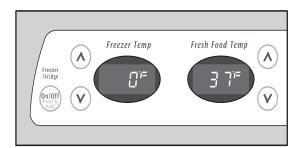






NOTE

The advanced electronic control system in your refrigerator includes additional display modes that service professionals can use to rapidly diagnose performance issues.



To adjust the temperature to a higher or lower setting, press the **Up (Cold)** or **Down (Colder)** button closest to the display. The first time you press the button, the display shows current setting you entered. Each press of the button after that changes the setting by one.

The display shows your new setting momentarily, then changes back to the current temperature.



TEMPERATURE CONTROLS

TEMPERATURE ADJUSTMENT

After 24 hours, adjust the controls as needed. Make your adjustments small and gradual; allowing time for temperatures to change and stabilize. Refer to the adjacent guidelines for temperature settings.

To adjust the temperature to a higher or lower setting, press the **Up** or **Down** button closest to the display. The first time you press the button, the display shows the last setting you entered. Each press of the button after that increments the setting by one degree. The display shows your new setting momentarily, then changes back to the current temperature.

IF TEMPERATURE DISPLAYS FLASH...

If ever you see both temperature displays continuously flashing, it may indicate that the control system has detected a performance problem. Call your service representative, who can interpret the flashing message.

To maintain temperatures, a fan circulates air in the refrigerator and freezer compartments. For good circulation, do not block cold air vents with food items.

Numeric Display		
	Freezer	Fresh Food
Warmest	1	1
Factory Setting	6	6
Coldest	9	9

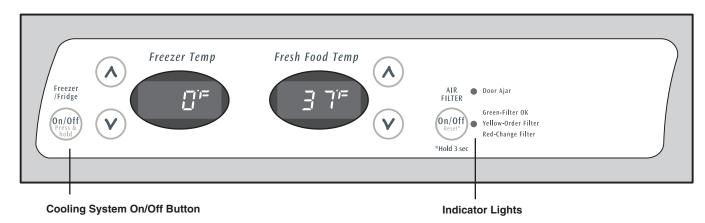
	Free	ezer	Fresh	Food
	Fahrenheit	Centigrade	Fahrenheit	Centigrade
Warmest	6°	-14°	47°	8°
Factory Setting	0°	-18°	37°	3°
Coldest	-6°	-21°	33°	1º

Temperature Adjustment Guide

If Fresh Food compartment is too warm	Adjust Fresh Food control one degree colder by pressing Down (Colder) button.
If Fresh Food compartment is too cold	Adjust Fresh Food control one degree warmer by pressing the Up (Cold) button.
If Freezer compartment is too warm	Adjust Freezer control one degree colder by pressing Down (Colder) button.
If Freezer compartment is too cold	Adjust Freezer control one degree warmer by pressing the Up (Cold) button.



TEMPERATURE CONTROLS



TURNING THE COOLING SYSTEM ON AND OFF

You can disable the cooling system in your refrigerator by pressing the **On/Off** button located on the left side of the temperature control panel. To ensure that you do not accidentally turn off the cooling system, the button does not work unless you press and hold it for three seconds. Once you disable the cooling system, all refrigeration to the freezer and fresh food compartments stops. To turn the cooling system back on, you must again press and hold the **On/Off** button for three more seconds.



NOTE

Pressing the **On/Off** button on the control panel disables your refrigerator's cooling system but does not disconnect power to lights and other electrical components. To turn off power to your refrigerator you must unplug the power cord from the wall outlet.

Each time you make settings on the control panel, a single audible tone acknowledges your input.

RESPONDING TO ALARMS (Audible Tones & Indicator Lights)

Your refrigerator's control system can convey the following information through audible tones and the alarm indicator lights.

Door	Flashing		Freezer or refrigerator door has	Close door to disable
Ajar	Green	V	been open for over five minutes.	and reset alarm.

AIR FILTER INDICATOR & STATUS LIGHTS

Your refrigerator's air filter needs to be replaced from time to time. You can monitor the need for replacement by referring to the status light while the air filter is "ON". To turn on the air filter, press the "Air Filter" button. To turn off the air filter, press the "Air Filter" button. To RESET the air filter, press the "Air Filter" button and hold for 3 seconds.

Air Filter Status Light (not available on all models)		
Green	Filter OK.	
Yellow	Air filter is about 80 percent used. Please order new one.	
Red	Air filter is 100 percent used. Please change now.	

LOOKING INSIDE

PIZZA SHELF (SOME MODELS)

This shelf is attached to the freezer wall beside the ice dispenser container. This convenient area allows for storage of pizza and other tall items placed vertically between the ice dispenser container and the freezer wall.

ICE CREAM SHELF (SOME MODELS)

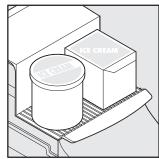
This shelf attaches to the top of the ice dispenser container. It allows storage of both round and rectangular cartons of your favorite ice cream.

TIP-UP SHELF (SOME MODELS)

A Tip-Up shelf in the freezer section allows tall items to be easily stored.



Pizza Shelf



Ice Cream Shelf

CAUTION

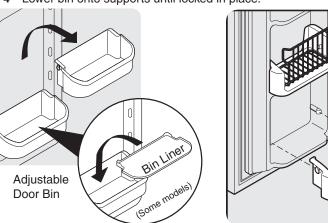
To avoid personal injury or property damage, handle tempered glass shelves carefully. Shelves may break suddenly if nicked, scratched, or exposed to sudden temperature change. See "Glass Shelves" in Care & Cleaning Chart.

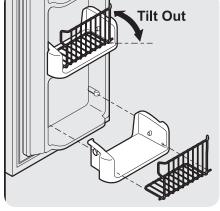
ADJUSTABLE DOOR BINS

Some models have adjustable door bins that can be moved to suit individual needs.

To move door bins

- 1 Lift bin straight up.
- 2 Remove bin.
- 3 Place bin in desired position.
- 4 Lower bin onto supports until locked in place.





CANTILEVER SHELF ADJUSTMENT

Refrigerator shelves are easily adjusted to suit individual needs. Before adjusting the shelves, remove all food. Cantilever shelves are supported at the back of the refrigerator.

To adjust cantilever shelves:

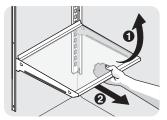
9

Lift front edge up.

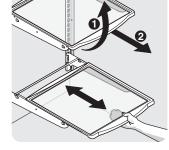
Pull shelf out.

Replace the shelf by inserting the hooks at rear of the shelf into the wall bracket. Lower the shelf into the desired slots and lock into position.

SpillSafe[™] glass shelves (some models) catch and hold accidental spills. In some models, the SpillSafe[™] shelves slide out for easy access to food and for fast cleaning. The shelves slide out independently of their mounting brackets. Just pull the front of the shelf forward. Shelves can be extended as far as the stopper will allow but are **not** removable from their mounting brackets.



Cantilever Glass Shelf



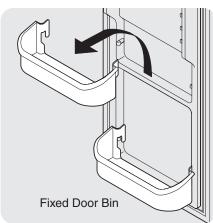
Cantilever Sliding Glass Shelf

DOOR STORAGE

Door bins and shelves are provided for convenient storage of jars, bottles, and cans. Frequently used items can be quickly selected.

Some models have door bins that can accommodate gallonsized plastic drink containers and economy-sized jars and containers. Some bins are adjustable for maximum storage capacity.

The dairy compartment, which is warmer than the general food storage section, is intended for short term storage of cheese, spreads, or butter.

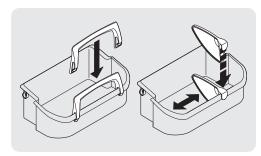




LOOKING INSIDE (CONTINUED)

TALL BOTTLE RETAINER (SOME MODELS)

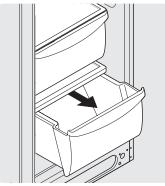
The Tall Bottle Retainer keeps tall containers in the bin from falling forward when opening or closing the refrigerator door. To install, hold the retainer at the top, and slide it over the outside wall of the bin, as shown in the diagram. The Tall Bottle Retainer works best with a Bin Snugger.



Tall Bottle Retainer (left) and Bin Snugger (right)

CRISPERS

The crispers, located under the bottom refrigerator shelf, are designed for storing fruits, vegetables, and other fresh produce. Wash items in clear water and remove excess water before placing them in the crispers. Items with strong odors or high moisture content should be wrapped before storing.



Crisper Drawer

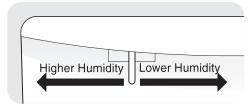
HUMIDITY CONTROL (SOME MODELS)

The Humidity Control, present on some models with crisper drawers, allows you to adjust the humidity within the crisper. This can extend the life of fresh vegetables that keep best in high humidity.



NOTE

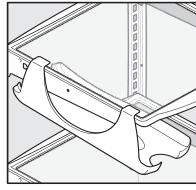
Leafy vegetables keep best when stored with the Humidity Control set on **Higher Humidity**, or in a drawer without a Humidity Control. This keeps incoming air to a minimum and maintains maximum moisture content.



Crisper Humidity Control

SPECIAL ITEM RACK (SOME MODELS)

The innovative design of the Special Item Rack allows you to store a sixpack of 12 ounce drink cans, a bottle of wine, a two-liter soft drink bottle, or a carton of eggs. The Special Item Rack mounts on the left side of your refrigerator. To install, just slide the Special Item Rack onto any shelf as shown in the drawing.



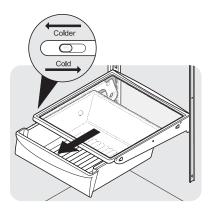
Special Item Rack

DELI DRAWER (SOME MODELS)

Some models are equipped with a Deli Drawer for storage of luncheon meats, spreads, cheeses, and other deli items.

MEAT KEEPER (SOME MODELS)

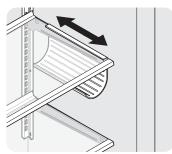
Some models are equipped with a Meat Keeper. Meat Keeper temperatures can be adjusted by sliding the Meat Keeper Temperature Control in either direction. Use this pan for short term storage of bulk meat items. If meats are to be kept longer than one or two days, they should be frozen. The Meat Keeper is fixed and cannot be moved up or down. If fruits or vegetables are to be stored in the Meat Keeper, set the Meat Keeper Temperature Control to a warmer setting to prevent freezing.



Meat Keeper with Temperature Control

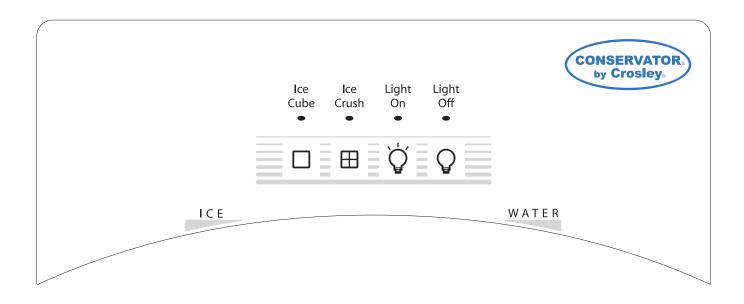
WINE RACK (SOME MODELS)

The wine rack stores bottles of wine, or single two-liter plastic bottles of juice or soda pop. To install, slide the Wine Rack onto the shelf with the curve facing in. To remove, slide the Wine Rack out. Install on either side of shelf.



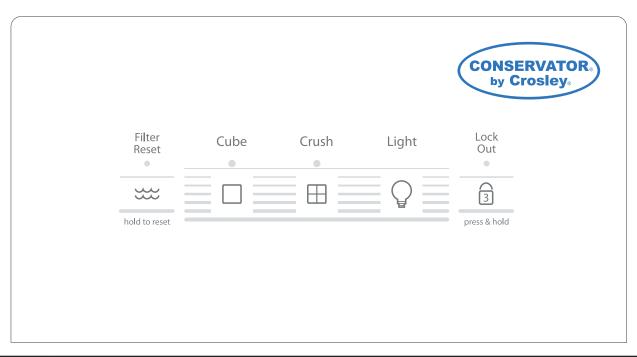
Wine Rack





Ice Cube	Press the Ice Cube Touch Pad to get crushed ice. A red indicator will appear above the Touch Pad. Press glass against ICE dispensing paddle as far up as possible to catch all ice.
Ice Crush	Press the Ice Crush Touch Pad to get cubed ice. A red indicator will appear above the Touch Pad. Press glass against ICE dispensing paddle as far up as possible to catch all ice.
Light On	Press the Light On Touch Pad to turn on dispenser light. A red indicator will appear above the Touch Pad.
Light Off	Press the Light Off Touch Pad to turn off dispenser light. A red indicator will appear above the Touch Pad.
WATER	To operate the water dispenser, press a glass against the WATER dispensing paddle. To stop dispensing water, pull the glass away from the dispensing paddle. Dispensed water is not cold. For colder water, add crushed ice or cubes before dispensing water. A drip tray located at the base of the dispenser catches small spills and allows them to evaporate. This drip tray is removable and dishwasher safe. Do not pour water and excess ice in this area because there is no drain.





Filter Reset	The Filter Reset indicator light above the Touch Pad will light up each time the dispenser is used. The following filter light indications are:		
	Green	The filter is still operating within its specified life cycle.	
	Amber	The filter has reached approximately 80 percent of its useful life. This is the recommended time to purchase a replacement filter.	
	Red	The filter is 100 percent used up. Change the filter as soon as possible.	
	After the filter ca	rtridge has been changed, press and hold the Filter Reset Touch Pad for 10-15 seconds.	
	NOTE: The Gree	en, Amber and Red lights will flash when reset is completed.	
Cube	Press the Cube Touch Pad to get cubed ice. A green light will appear above the Touch Pad. Press glass against Ice dispensing paddle as far up as possible to catch all ice.		
Crush	Press the Crush Touch Pad to get crushed ice. A green light will appear above the Touch Pad. Press glass against Ice dispensing paddle as far up as possible to catch all ice.		
Light	Press the Light Touch Pad to turn on dispenser light. Press again to turn the light off. The light also turns on automatically when ice and/or water is dispensed. Replace light bulb with an appliance bulb of the same wattage.		
Lock Out	The Ice & Water Dispenser can be locked out to prevent unwanted use.		
	To Lock Out	Press the Lock Out Touch Pad for 3-5 seconds. A red light will appear above the Touch Pad.	
	To Unlock	Press the Lock Out Touch Pad for 3-5 seconds until the red light above the Touch Pad goes out.	
Water	To operate the water dispenser, press a glass against the Water dispensing paddle. To stop dispensing water, pull the glass away from the dispensing paddle. Dispensed water is not cold. For colder water, add crushed ice or cubes before dispensing water. A drip tray located at the base of the dispenser catches small spills and allows them to evaporate. This drip tray is removable and dishwasher safe. Do not pour water and excess ice in this area because there is no drain.		

HOW TO PRIME THE WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM

Your refrigerator's water supply system includes several tubing lines, a water filter, a water valve and a water tank. To ensure that your water dispenser works properly, this system must be completely filled with water when your refrigerator is first connected to the household water supply line and whenever you replace the water filter.



CAUTION

For proper dispenser operation, recommended water supply pressure should fall between 30 psi and 100 psi. Excessive pressure may cause water filter to malfunction.

TO PRIME THE WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM:

- Begin filling the tank by pressing and holding a drinking glass against the water dispenser paddle.
- Keep the glass in this position until water comes out of the dispenser. There will be noticeable spurts and sputters as the system pushes air out through the system and dispenser nozzle. This is normal. This may take about 1½ minutes.
- Continue dispensing water for about 3 minutes to flush the system of any air and impurities. Empty glass as needed.



NOTE

The water dispenser has a built-in device that shuts off the water flow after 3 minutes of continuous use. To reset this shutoff device, simply release the dispenser paddle.

HOW THE ICE MAKER WORKS



CAUTION

Chemicals from a malfunctioning softener can damage the ice maker. If the ice maker is connected to soft water, ensure that the softener is maintained and working properly.



IMPORTANT

Your ice maker is shipped from the factory with the wire signal arm in the ON position (side mounted) or with the switch turned ON (rear mounted). To ensure proper function of your ice maker, hook up water supply immediately or turn ice maker OFF by lifting the wire signal arm until it clicks and locks in the UP position (side mounted) or turn the On/Off switch to the Off (O) position. If the ice maker is not turned off and the water supply is not connected, the water valve will make a loud chattering noise.

The ice maker and container are located in the top of the freezer compartment. After the refrigerator is installed properly and has cooled for several hours, the ice maker can begin

making ice within 24 hours. Air in new plumbing lines may cause the ice maker to cycle two or three times before making a full tray of ice. With no usage, it will take approximately two days to fill the ice container.

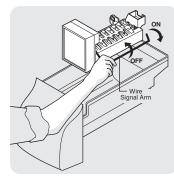
Because of new plumbing connections, the first production of ice cubes may be discolored or have an odd flavor. Discard ice made during the first 24 hours.

TURNING YOUR SIDE MOUNTED ICE MAKER ON/OFF

To begin ice production, lower the wire signal arm to the DOWN or ON position. The ice maker turns off automatically when the ice container becomes full. To stop the ice maker, raise the wire signal arm until it clicks and locks in the UP or OFF position (see Figure 1).

TURNING YOUR REAR MOUNTED ICE MAKER ON/OFF

Ice production is controlled by the ice maker's ON/OFF power switch. To gain access to the ice maker, pull the ice cream shelf out. Press the switch to the "O" position to turn it Off and press it to the "I" position to turn it On (see Figure 2). The ice maker also has a built-in wire signal arm, which automatically stops ice production when the ice bin is full. DO NOT use this signal arm to manually stop the ice maker.



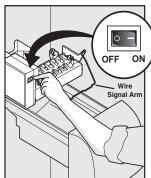


Figure 1

Figure 2

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IMPORTANT

Small Ice cubes or ice chips jamming in the ice maker may be a sign that your water filter needs changing. If you have a side mounted ice maker you may also experience hollow cubes partially frozen cubes with water inside. When these cubes are harvested they break open and spill water over the other ice cubes in the ice container, forming a solid mass of ice. As the water filter nears the end of its useful life and becomes clogged with particles, less water is delivered to the ice maker during each cycle. The ice maker can't fill every cube in the ice maker mold, leading to small cubes or chips that can get caught between the ice ejector blades and the stripper. Remember, if your ice maker is jamming with small ice cubes or it's been six months or longer since you last changed your water filter - replace the water filter with a new one. Poor quality household water may require the filter to be changed more frequently.



ICE PRODUCTION: WHAT TO EXPECT

How Much Ice Will a Side Mounted Ice Maker Produce in 24 Hours?

A side mounted ice maker will produce 4 to 4.5 pounds of ice every 24 hours, depending on usage conditions. Ice is produced at a rate of 8 cubes every 75 to 90 minutes.

How Much Ice Will a Rear Mounted Ice Maker Produce in 24 Hours?

A rear mounted ice maker will produce 3 to 4 pounds of ice every 24 hours, depending on usage conditions. Ice is produced at a rate of 8 cubes every 75 to 90 minutes.

ICE AND WATER DISPENSER FEATURES

The ice and water dispenser conveniently dispenses chilled water, and ice cubes or crushed ice, depending on the model.

To operate the ice dispenser, select the ice option desired using the touchpad. Press a glass against the dispensing paddle as far up as possible to catch all ice. To stop dispensing ice, pull glass away from dispensing paddle. Do not remove the glass until the ice has completely dispensed. Complete instructions for the dispenser operation are attached to the inside of the freezer door (some models).



CAUTION

If the dispensing paddle is pushed for more than four minutes, the dispenser motor may overload and stop. The overload protector will reset automatically after three or four minutes.

ICE DISPENSER TIPS

- Ice cubes stored too long may develop an odd flavor.
 Empty the ice container and ensure that the ice maker is on (see previous page). The ice maker will then produce more ice.
- Occasionally shake the ice container to keep ice separated.
- If a large quantity of ice is needed at one time, it is best to remove cubes directly from the ice container.
- Stop the ice maker when cleaning the freezer and during vacations.
- If the ice maker will be turned off for a long period of time, turn the water supply valve to a closed position.

CLEANING THE ICE DISPENSER

Clean the ice dispenser and ice container at regular intervals, particularly before you take a vacation or move, or if the ice dispenser sticks.

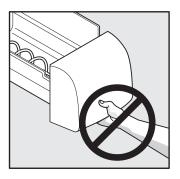
 Stop ice production on side-mounted ice maker by raising wire signal arm to the UP position. Stop ice production on rear-mounted ice makers by pressing the ice maker's On/Off power switch to the Off (0) position.

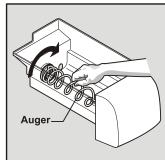
- Remove ice container by lifting up and out. Empty and carefully clean the container with mild detergent. Rinse with clear water. Do not use harsh or abrasive cleaners. Allow ice container to dry completely before replacing in the freezer.
- Remove ice chips and clean the shelf and chute that supports the ice container.
- Replace the ice container. Resume ice production on side-mounted ice makers by lowering the wire signal arm to the DOWN position. Resume ice production on rear-mounted ice makers by pressing the ice maker's On/Off power switch to the On (I) position.



WARNING

Do not use the ice chute as a handle when removing or replacing the ice storage bin. Surfaces there may be sharp. Do not put fingers up ice chute. Surfaces there may be sharp.





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IMPORTANT

When removing or replacing the ice bin, DO NOT rotate the auger in the ice bin. If the auger is accidentally rotated, you must realign the auger by turning it in 90° turns until the ice bin fits into place with the drive mechanism. **If the auger is not** properly aligned when replacing the ice bin, the refrigerator will only dispense Crushed Ice. The freezer door may also not close properly causing warm air to leak into the freezer.

- An extended power failure (one hour or longer) causes ice cubes in the ice storage bin to melt and freeze together and jam the dispenser mechanism.
- The ice dispenser is not used frequently. Ice cubes will freeze together in the bin and jam the dispenser mechanism. Remove the ice storage bin and shake to loosen the cubes.



CAUTION

NEVER use an ice pick or similar sharp instrument to break up the ice. This could damage the ice storage bin and dispenser mechanism.

PURESOURCE 3[™] ICE AND WATER FRONT FILTER (SOME MODELS)

LOCATING THE FILTER

Your refrigerator is equipped with a water filtering system. The water filter system filters all dispensed drinking water, as well as the water used to produce ice.

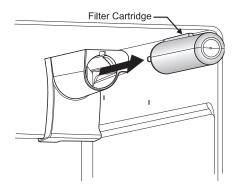
WATER FILTER

The water filter is located at the top right side of the fresh food compartment.

REPLACING THE WATER FILTER

In general, you should change the water filter every six months to ensure the highest possible water quality. **Water Filter Status** on the user interface prompts you to replace the filter after a standard amount of water (200 gallons/757 liters for **PureSource** 3TM) has flowed through the system.

If your refrigerator has not been used for a period of time (during moving for example), change the filter before reinstalling the refrigerator.



ORDERING REPLACEMENT FILTERS

To order your replacement filters, please visit our online store at www.frigidaire.com/store, by calling toll-free at 877-808-4195, or by visiting the dealer where you purchased your refrigerator. Electrolux recommends that you order extra filters when you first install your refrigerator, and that you replace your filters at least once every six months.

Here are the product numbers to request when ordering:

PureSource 3TM

Water Filter Part #WF3CB

MORE ABOUT YOUR ADVANCED WATER FILTER



The **PureSource 3**[™] ice and water filter system is tested and certified to NSF/ANSI Standards 42 and 53 for the reduction of claims specified on the performance data sheet.

Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the system. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.

TEST & CERTIFICATION RESULTS:

- Rated Capacity 200 gallons/757 liters for PureSource
 3™ ice and water filter
- Rated service flow .50 gallons per minute
- Operating Temp.: Min. 33°F, Max. 100°F
- Maximum Rated Pressure 100 pounds per square inch
- Recommended Minimum Operating Pressure: 30 pounds per square inch

TO REPLACE YOUR PURESOURCE 3™ WATER FILTER:

It is not necessary to turn the water supply off to change the filter. Be ready to wipe up any small amounts of water released during the filter replacement.

- 1 Turn **Off** the ice maker power switch.
- 2 Remove the filter by pushing on the end/face of the filter.
- 3 Slide the old water filter cartridge straight out of the housing and discard it.
- 4 Unpackage the new filter cartridge. Using the alignment guide, slide it gently into the filter housing until it stops against the snap-in connector at the back of the housing.
- 5 Push firmly until the cartridge snaps into place (you should hear a click as the cartridge engages the snapin connector).
- 6 Press a drinking glass against the water dispenser while checking for any leaks at the filter housing. Any spurts and sputters that occur as the system purges air out of the dispenser system are normal.
- 7 After filling one glass of water, continue flushing the system for about four (4) minutes.
- 8 Turn On the ice maker.
- 9 Press and hold the Water Filter button on the Ice & Water Dispenser control panel for three seconds. When the display changes from "Red" to "Green," the status has been reset.



FOOD STORAGE & ENERGY SAVING IDEAS

FOOD STORAGE IDEAS

Fresh Food Storage

- The fresh food compartment should be kept between 34°F and 40°F with an optimum temperature of 37°F.
- Avoid overcrowding the refrigerator shelves. This reduces the circulation of air around the food and results in uneven cooling.

Fruits and Vegetables

 Storage in the crisper drawers traps moisture to help preserve the fruit and vegetable quality for longer time periods.

Meat

 Raw meat and poultry should be wrapped securely so leakage and contamination of other foods or surfaces does not occur.

Frozen Food Storage

- The freezer compartment should be kept at 0°F or lower.
- A freezer operates most efficiently when it is at least 2/3 full.

Packaging Foods for Freezing

- To minimize dehydration and quality deterioration, use aluminum foil, freezer wrap, freezer bags or airtight containers. Force as much air out of the packages as possible and seal them tightly. Trapped air can cause food to dry out, change color, and develop an off-flavor (freezer burn).
- Wrap fresh meats and poultry with suitable freezer wrap prior to freezing.
- Do not refreeze meat that has completely thawed.

Loading the Freezer

- Avoid adding too much warm food to the freezer at one time. This overloads the freezer, slows the rate of freezing, and can raise the temperature of frozen foods.
- Leave a space between the packages, so cold air can circulate freely, allowing food to freeze as quickly as possible.
- Avoid storing hard-to-freeze foods such as ice cream and orange juice on the freezer door shelves. These foods are best stored in the freezer interior where the temperature varies less.

ENERGY SAVING IDEAS

- Locate the refrigerator in the coolest part of the room, out of direct sunlight, and away from heating ducts or registers. Do not place the refrigerator next to heat-producing appliances such as a range, oven, or dishwasher. If this is not possible, a section of cabinetry or an added layer of insulation between the two appliances will help the refrigerator operate more efficiently.
- Level the refrigerator so that the doors close tightly.
- Refer to this Use & Care Manual for the suggested temperature control settings.
- Do not overcrowd the refrigerator or block cold air vents.
 Doing so causes the refrigerator to run longer and use more energy.
- Cover foods and wipe containers dry before placing them in the refrigerator. This cuts down on moisture build-up inside the unit.
- Organize the refrigerator to reduce door openings.
 Remove as many items as needed at one time and close the door as soon as possible.

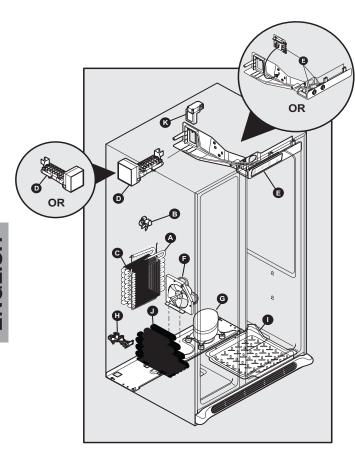
UNDERSTANDING THE SOUNDS YOU MAY HEAR

Your new high-efficiency refrigerator may make unfamiliar sounds. These are all normal sounds and soon will become familiar to you. They also indicate your refrigerator is operating as designed. Hard surfaces, such as vinyl or wood floors, walls, and kitchen cabinets may make sounds more noticeable. Listed below are descriptions of some of the most common sounds you may hear, and what is causing them.



NOTE

Rigid foam insulation is very energy efficient, but is not a sound insulator.



A. Evaporator

The flow of refrigerant through the evaporator may create a boiling or gurgling sound.

B. Evaporator Fan

You may hear air being forced through the refrigerator by the evaporator fan.

C. Defrost Heater

During defrost cycles, water dripping onto the defrost heater may cause a hissing or sizzling sound. After defrosting, a popping sound may occur.

→I

IMPORTANT

During the automatic defrost cycle, you may notice a red glow in the vents on the back wall of your freezer compartment. This is normal during the defrost cycle.

D. Automatic Ice Maker

If your refrigerator is equipped with an automatic ice maker, you will hear ice cubes falling into the ice bin.

E. Cold Control & Automatic Defrost Control

These parts can produce a snapping or clicking sound when turning the refrigerator on and off.

F. Condenser Fan

You may hear air being forced through the condenser by the condenser fan.

G. Compressor

Modern, high-efficiency compressors operate much faster than older models. The compressor may have a high-pitched hum or pulsating sound.

H. Water Valve

If your refrigerator is equipped with an automatic ice maker, you will hear a buzzing sound as the water valve opens to fill the ice maker during each cycle.

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IMPORTANT

Your ice maker is turned On at the factory so it can work as soon as you install your refrigerator. To ensure proper function of your ice maker, connect a water supply immediately or turn the Ice maker off by lifting the wire signal arm to the "up" or OFF position (side mounted) or the ice maker's On/Off power switch turned Off-set to the "O" position (rear mounted).

I. Drain Pan (not removable)

You may hear water running into the drain pan during the defrost cycle.

J. Condenser

May create minimal sounds from forced air.

K. Motorized Damper

May produce a light humming during operation.



CARE & CLEANING

Keeping your refrigerator clean maintains appearance and prevents odor build-up. Wipe up any spills immediately and clean the freezer and fresh food compartments at least twice a year. When cleaning, take the following precautions:



NOTE

Do not use abrasive cleaners such as window sprays, scouring cleansers, flammable fluids, cleaning waxes, concentrated detergents, bleaches or cleansers containing petroleum products on plastic parts, interior doors, gaskets or cabinet liners. Do not use paper towels, scouring pads, or other abrasive cleaning materials.

- Never use metallic scouring pads, brushes, abrasive cleaners or strong alkaline solutions on any surface.
- Never use CHLORIDE or cleaners with bleach to clean stainless steel.
- Do not wash any removable parts in a dishwasher.
- Always unplug the electrical power cord from the wall outlet before cleaning.



NOTE

If you set your temperature controls to turn off cooling, power to lights and other electrical components will continue until you unplug the power cord from the wall outlet.

- Remove adhesive labels by hand. Do not use razor blades or other sharp instruments which can scratch the appliance surface.
- Do not remove the serial plate.



CAUTION

- Pull the refrigerator straight out to move it. Shifting it from side to side may damage flooring. Be careful not to move the refrigerator beyond the plumbing connections.
- Damp objects stick to cold metal surfaces. Do not touch refrigerated surfaces with wet or damp hands.



IMPORTANT

If you store or move your refrigerator in freezing temperatures, be sure to completely drain the water supply system. Failure to do so could result in water leaks when the refrigerator is put back into service. Contact a service representative to perform this operation.

Refer to the guide on the next page for details on caring and cleaning specific areas of your refrigerator.

	Care & Cleaning Chart			
Part	What To Use	Tips and Precautions		
Interior/Door Liner	Soap and water Baking soda and water	Use 2 tablespoons of baking soda in 1 quart of warm water. Be sure to wring excess water out of sponge or cloth before cleaning around controls, light bulb or any electrical part.		
Door Gaskets	Soap and water	Wipe gaskets with a clean soft cloth.		
Drawers/Bins	Soap and water	Do not wash any removable items (bins, drawers, etc.) in dishwasher.		
Glass Shelves	Soap and waterGlass cleanerMild liquid sprays	Allow glass to warm to room temperature before immersing in warm water.		
Toe Grille	Soap and waterMild liquid spraysVacuum attachment	Vacuum dust from front of toe grille. Vacuum backside and wipe with sudsy cloth or sponge. Rinse and dry.		
Exterior and Handles	Soap and water Non Abrasive Glass Cleaner	Do not use commercial household cleaners containing ammonia, bleach or alcohol to clean handles. Use a soft cloth to clean smooth handles. DO NOT use a dry cloth to clean smooth doors.		
Exterior and Handles (Stainless Steel Models Only)	Soap and water Stainless Steel Cleaners	CAUTION: Never use CHLORIDE or cleaners with bleach to clean stainless steel. Clean stainless steel front and handles with non-abrasive soapy water and a dishcloth. Rinse with clean water and a soft cloth. Use a non-abrasive stainless steel cleaner. These cleaners can be purchased at most home improvement or major department stores. Always follow manufacturer's instructions. Do not use household cleaners containing ammonia or bleach. NOTE: Always clean, wipe and dry with the grain to prevent cross-grain scratching. Wash the rest of the cabinet with warm water and mild liquid detergent. Rinse well, and wipe dry with a clean soft cloth.		



CARE & CLEANING (CONTINUED)

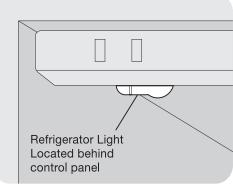


CAUTION

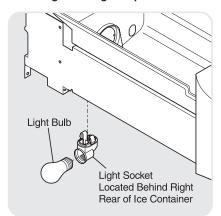
Wear gloves when replacing light bulbs to avoid getting

REPLACING LIGHT BULBS

- 1 Unplug refrigerator.
- 2 Wear gloves as protection against possible broken glass.
- 3 Remove light cover, if necessary.
- 4 Unscrew and replace old bulb with an appliance bulb of the same wattage.
- 5 Replace light cover, if necessary.
- 6 Remember to plug the refrigerator back in.



Refrigerator Light Replacement



Freezer Light Replacement

	Vacation and Moving Tips
Short Vacations	 Leave refrigerator operating during vacations of 3 weeks or less. Use all perishable items from refrigerator compartment. Turn automatic ice maker off and empty ice bucket, even if you will only be gone for a few days.
Long Vacations	 Remove all food and ice if you will be gone one month or more. Turn off automatic ice maker and turn water supply valve to closed position. Turning refrigerator controls to "OFF" by pressing and holding the On/Off button for 3 seconds (electronic) or turn control knobs to "0" (manual) on the mechanical controls only controls your refrigerator's cooling system. To turn off power to your refrigerator you must unplug the power cord from the wall outlet. Clean interior thoroughly. Leave both doors open to prevent odors and mold build-up. Block doors open if necessary.
Moving	 Remove all food and ice. If using handcart, load from side. Adjust rollers all the way up to protect them during sliding or moving. Pad cabinet to avoid scratching surface.



IMPORTANT

If the refrigerator is going to be stored or moved in freezing temperatures, the water in the ice and water system must be drained completely. Failure to do so could result in water leaks when the refrigerator is put back into service. Contact a service representative to perform this operation.

REFRIGERATOR WARRANTY

Your refrigerator is protected by this warranty

	WARRANTY PERIOD	THROUGH OUR AUTHORIZED SERVICERS, WE WILL:	THE CONSUMER WILL BE RE- SPONSIBLE FOR:
FULL ONE-YEAR WARRANTY	One year from original purchase date	Pay all costs for repairing or replacing any parts of this appliance which prove to be defective in materials or workmanship. Excludes original and replacement Ice & Water filter cartridges (if equipped). Original and replacement cartridges are warranted for 30 days (parts only).	Costs of service calls that are listed under NORMAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CONSUMER.*

*In addition to warranty shown above, ask your dealer about Crosley Extended Limited Warranty that comes to you at no extra charge for the 2nd through 10th years.

In the U.S.A., your appliance is warranted by Crosley Corporation. We authorize no person to change or add to any of our obligations under this warranty. Our obligations for service and parts under this warranty must be performed by an authorized Crosley Corporation servicer. In Canada, your appliance is warranted by Crosley Canada Corp.

*NORMAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CONSUMER

This warranty applies only to products in ordinary household use, and the consumer is responsible for the items listed below:

- 1. Proper use of the appliance in accordance with instructions provided with the product.
- 2. Proper installation by an authorized servicer in accordance with instructions provided with the appliance and in accordance with all local plumbing, electrical and/or gas codes.
- 3. Proper connection to a grounded power supply of sufficient voltage, replacement of blown fuses, repair of loose connections or defects in house wiring.
- 4. Expenses for making the appliance accessible for servicing, such as removal of trim, cupboards, shelves, etc., which are not a part of the appliance when it was shipped from the factory.
- 5. Damages to finish after installation.
- 6. Replacement of light bulbs and/or fluorescent tubes (on models with these features).

EXCLUSIONS

This warranty does not cover the following:

- CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES SUCH AS PROPERTY DAMAGE AND INCIDENTAL EXPENSES RESULTING FROM ANY BREACH OF THIS WRITTEN OR ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY.
 NOTE: Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so this limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.
- Service calls which do not involve malfunction or defects in workmanship or material, or for appliances not in ordinary household use. The consumer shall pay for such service calls.
- 3. Damages caused by services performed by servicers other than Crosley Corporation, Crosley Canada Corp. or its authorized servicers; use of parts other than genuine Crosley Corporation parts; obtained from persons other than such servicers; or external causes such as abuse, misuse, inadequate power supply or acts of God.
- 4. Products with original serial numbers that have been removed or altered and cannot be readily determined.

IF YOU NEED SERVICE

Keep your bill of sale, delivery slip, or some other appropriate payment record. The date on the bill establishes the warranty period should service be required. If service is performed, it is in your best interest to obtain and keep all receipts. This written warranty gives you specific legal rights. You may also have other rights that vary from state to state. Service under this warranty must be obtained by contacting Crosley Corporation or Crosley Canada Corp.

This warranty only applies in the 50 States of the U.S.A., in Puerto Rico, and in Canada. Product features or specifications as described or illustrated are subject to change without notice. All warranties are made by Crosley Corporation. In Canada, your appliance is warranted by Crosley Canada Corp.

Rev. 01/2006

FOR WARRANTY INFORMATION CONTACT:

USA 800-944-9044 Canada 800-265-8352 FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION CONTACT:

336-761-1212
Crosley Corporation
111 Cloverleaf Dr.
Suite 200
Winston-Salem, NC 27103
www.crosley.com

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BEFORE YOU CALL

1-800-944-9044 (United States) **1-800-265-8352** (Canada)

Visit our web site at www.crosley.com.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION				
RUNNING OF REFRIGER	RUNNING OF REFRIGERATOR					
Refrigerator runs too much or too long.	 Freezer control is set to "OF" or "0". Refrigerator is in defrost cycle. Plug at electrical outlet is disconnected. House fuse blown or tripped circuit breaker. Power outage. Room or outside weather is hot. Refrigerator has recently been disconnected for a period of time. Automatic ice maker is operating. Doors are opened too frequently or too long. Fresh Food/freezer door may be slightly open. Freezer control is set too cold (control found in Fresh Food section). Fresh Food/freezer gasket is 	 Set freezer control. See TEMPERATURE CONTROLS section. This is normal for a fully automatic defrost refrigerator. The defrost cycle occurs periodically, lasting about 30 minutes. Ensure plug is tightly pushed into outlet. Check/replace fuse with a 15 amp time-delay fuse. Reset circuit breaker. Check house lights. Call local electric company. It's normal for the refrigerator to work longer under these conditions. It takes 8-12 hours for the refrigerator to cool down completely. Ice maker operation causes refrigerator to run slightly more. Warm air entering the refrigerator causes it to run more. Open doors less often. Ensure refrigerator is level. Keep food and contains from blocking door. See PROBLEM column OPENING/CLOS-ING OF DOORS/DRAWERS. Set Fresh Food control to warmer setting until refrigerator temperature is satisfactory. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize. Clean or change gasket. Leaks in door seal will cause 				
Compressor goes off	dirty, worn, cracked, or poorly fitted. Condenser is dirty. Thermostat keeps the refrigera-	refrigerator to run longer in order to maintain desired temperatures. • Clean condenser. See Care & Cleaning Chart in the CARE & CLEANING section. • This is normal. Refrigerator goes on and off to keep				
and on frequently. TEMPERATURES ARE TO	tor at a constant temperature.	temperature constant.				
Freezer temperature too cold. Fresh Food temperature is satisfactory.	Freezer control is set too cold.	Set freezer control to a warmer setting. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize.				
Fresh Food temperature too cold. Freezer temperature is satisfactory.	Fresh Food control is set too cold.	Set fresh food control to a warmer setting. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize.				
Food stored in drawers freezes.	Fresh Food control is set too cold.	See solution above.				
Food stored in Meat Keeper freezes (some models).	Meat Keeper Temperature Control set too cold.	Adjust Meat Keeper Temperature Control to a lower setting. (Meat should be stored at a temperature just below the freezing point for maximum fresh storage time. It is normal for ice crystals to form due to the moisture content of meat.				
Digital temperature displays are flashing.	Electronic control system has detected a performance problem.	Call your Electrolux service representative, who can interpret any messages or number codes flashing on the digital displays.				



BEFORE YOU CALL (CONTINUED)

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION			
TEMPERATURES ARE TO	OO WARM				
Freezer/Fresh Food temperature is too warm.	 Doors are opened too frequently or too long. Door is slightly open. Condenser is dirty. 	Warm air enters the refrigerator whenever the door is opened. Open the door less often. See PROBLEM column OPENING/CLOSING OF DOORS/DRAWERS. Clean condenser. See Care & Cleaning Chart in CARE & CLEANING section.			
Freezer temperature is too warm. Fresh Food temperature is satisfactory.	Freezer control is set too warm.	Set freezer control to a colder setting. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize.			
Fresh Food temperature is too warm. Freezer temperature is satisfactory.	Fresh Food control is set too warm.	Set Fresh Food control to a colder setting. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize.			
Temperature in the Meat Keeper is too warm (some models).	Meat Keeper temperature con- trol is set too warm.	Adjust Meat Keeper Temperature Control to a colder setting.			
WATER/MOISTURE/FROS	ST INSIDE REFRIGERATOR				
Moisture collects on inside of refrigerator walls.	 Weather is hot and humid. Door is slightly open. Door is opened too often or too long. Open containers. 	 The rate of frost buildup and internal sweating increases. See PROBLEM column OPENING/CLOSING OF DOORS/DRAWERS. Open door less often. Keep containers covered. 			
Water collects on bot- tom side of drawer cover.	Vegetables contain and give off moisture.	It is not unusual to have moisture on the bottom side of the cover. Move humidity control (some models) to lower setting.			
Water collects in bottom of drawer.	Washed vegetables and fruit drain while in the drawer.	Dry items before putting them in the drawer. Water collecting in bottom of drawer is normal.			
WATER/MOISTURE/FROS	ST OUTSIDE REFRIGERATOR				
Moisture collects on outside of refrigerator or between doors.	 Weather is humid. Door is slightly open, causing cold air from inside refrigerator to meet warm air from outside. 	 This is normal in humid weather. When humidity is lower, the moisture should disappear. See PROBLEM column OPENING/CLOSING OF DOORS/DRAWERS. 			
AUTOMATIC ICE MAKER	AUTOMATIC ICE MAKER				
Ice maker is not making any ice.	 Ice maker wire signal arm is in the "up" or OFF position. Ice maker power switch is Off. Household water line valve is not open. Ice maker has small cube caught in mechanism. Freezer is not cold enough. Saddle valve on cold water pipe is clogged or restricted by foreign material. 	 Move wire signal arm to the "down" or ON position. (side mounted) Turn power switch to On ("I") position. (rear mounted) Turn on household water line valve. Remove small cube from ice maker. The ice and water filter cartridge may be clogged. Replace filter cartridge. See PROBLEM column TEMPERATURES ARE TOO WARM. Turn off household water line valve. Remove valve. Ensure that valve is not a self-piercing saddle valve. Clean valve. Replace valve if necessary. 			



BEFORE YOU CALL (CONTINUED)

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION		
AUTOMATIC ICE MAKER (CONTINUED)				
Ice maker is not making enough ice.	Ice maker is producing less ice than you expect.	Side mounted ice maker should produce 4 to 4.5 pounds (approximately 4 quarts) of ice every 24 hours. A rear mounted ice maker should produce 3 to 4 pounds (approximately 3½ quarts) of ice every 24 hours. Extra Ice option should produce 25% to 50% more ice every 24 hours.		
	Freezer is not cold enough.	See PROBLEM column TEMPERATURES ARE TOO WARM.		
	 Household water line valve is not completely open. Check to see if water dispenser is dispensing slower than normal. 	 Turn on household water line valve. If it is, replace the ice and water filter cartridge. 		
Ice maker will not stop making ice.	Ice maker wire signal arm is being held down by some item in the freezer.	Move item and release wire signal arm. Remove any ice cubes that are frozen together over the wire signal arm.		
Ice cubes are freezing together.	 Ice cubes are not being used frequently enough. Ice cubes are hollow (partially frozen cubes with water inside). Freezer control is set too warm. 	 Remove ice container and discard ice from container. Ice maker will produce fresh supply. The ice and water filter cartridge may be clogged. Replace filter cartridge. Set freezer control to colder setting. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize. 		
	Very little food in freezer.	Add more food to freezer.		
Ice has bad odor and taste.	 Ice has picked up odor or flavor from strong food stored in refrigerator or freezer. Water running to ice maker has poor taste or odor. Ice not used frequently enough. 	 Cover foods tightly. Discard stale ice. Ice maker will produce fresh supply. Add filter to water supply line. Consult a water purifying company. Discard stale ice. 		
ICE DISPENSER	lee not used mequently eneught			
Dispenser will not dispense ice.	 Ice storage container is empty. Freezer temperature is set too warm. Household water line valve is not open. Freezer door is not closed. Ice dispensing arm has been held in for more than 4-5 minutes. 	 When the first supply of ice is dropped into the container, the dispenser should operate. Turn freezer control to a higher setting so that ice cubes will be made. When first supply of ice is made, dispenser should operate. Open household water line valve. Allow sufficient time for the ice to be made. When ice is made, the dispenser should operate. Ensure freezer door is closed. Motor is overloaded. Motor over load protector will reset in approximately 3 minutes. Ice can then be dispensed. 		
Ice dispenser is jammed.	 Ice has melted and frozen around auger due to infrequent use, temperature fluctuations, and/or power outages. Ice cubes are jammed between ice maker and back of ice container. Ice cubes are frozen together. Ice cubes are hollow (partially frozen cubes with liquid water inside). 	 Remove ice container, thaw, and empty the contents. Clean container, wipe dry, and replace in proper position. When new ice is made, dispenser should operate. Remove ice cubes that are jamming the dispenser. Use the dispenser often so that cubes do not freeze together. The ice and water filter cartridge could be clogged. Replace the filter cartridge. Dispensing system operates best at 30 - 100 psi water pressure. Well water pressures should fall within this range. 		



BEFORE YOU CALL

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
WATER DISPENSER	•	
Dispenser will not dispense water.	 Household water line valve is not open. Freezer door is not closed. Ice and water filter cartridge is clogged. Front filter not fully installed, if equipped. 	 Open household water line valve. See PROBLEM column ICE MAKER IS NOT MAKING ANY ICE. Ensure that freezer door is closed. Replace filter cartridge. Push filter in until you hear a "click". Filter should be flush with cabinet.
Water has an odd taste and/or odor.	 Water has been in the tank for a period of time. Unit not properly connected to cold water line. Tubing used in the household water supply and installation may affect water taste and odor. Water has a high mineral content. 	 Draw and discard 10-12 glasses of water to freshen the supply and completely rinse out the tank. Connect unit to cold water line that supplies water to the kitchen faucet. For best results, use copper tubing for water connections. Contact water treatment plant for help.
Water pressure is extremely low.	 Cut-off and cut-on pressures are too low (well systems only). Reverse osmosis system is in regenerative phase. 	 Have someone turn up the cut-off and cut-on pressure on the water pump system (well systems only). It is normal for a reverse osmosis system to be below 20 psi during the regenerative phase.
ODORS IN REFRIGERAT	OR	
Interior is dirty.	Interior needs to be cleaned.Food with strong odors is in refrigerator.	 See Care & Cleaning Chart in Care & Cleaning section. Cover food tightly.
OPENING/CLOSING OF	DOORS/DRAWERS	
Door(s) will not close.	 Door was closed too hard, causing other door to open slightly. Refrigerator is not level. It rocks on the floor when moved slightly. Refrigerator is touching a wall or cabinet. 	 Close both doors gently. Ensure floor is level and solid, and can adequately support the refrigerator. Contact a carpenter to correct a sagging or sloping floor. Ensure floor is level and solid, and can adequately support the refrigerator. Contact a carpenter to correct a sagging or sloping floor.
Drawers are difficult to move.	 Food is touching shelf on top of drawer. Track that drawers slide on is dirty. 	 Keep less food in drawer. Clean drawer, rollers, and track. See Care & Cleaning Chart in Care & Cleaning section.
LIGHT BULB IS NOT ON	•	
Light bulb is not on.	Light bulb is burned out.No electric current is reaching refrigerator.	 See REPLACING LIGHT BULBS in Care & Cleaning section. See PROBLEM column RUNNING OF REFRIGERATOR.
IF YOU HEAR (electronic	models only)	
5 beeps	A door has been left open for 5 minutes or more.	These beeps will repeat once every minute until the door has been closed. This is normal for the "Door Ajar" alarm.
3 beeps	The refrigerator has experi- enced a loss of power or a low voltage condition.	This is normal when "Power-On-Reset" is activated.